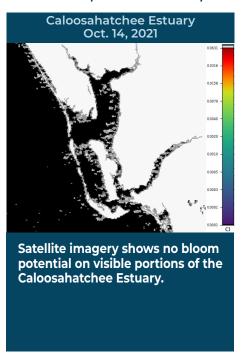


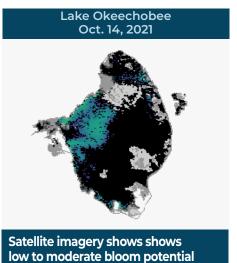
BLUE-GREEN ALGAL BLOOM WEEKLY UPDATE

REPORTING OCT. 8 - 14, 2021

Satellite imagery provided by NOAA - Images are impacted by cloud cover.

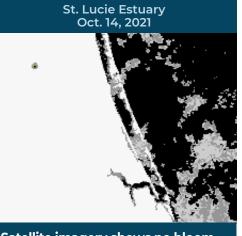
A value of 0.004 is nominally equivalent to approximately 20-30 ug/L chlorophyll a of cyanobacteria, and 0.06 would be in the 300-500 ug/L chlorophyll a range. Please keep in mind that bloom potential is subject to change due to rapidly changing environmental conditions or satellite inconsistencies (i.e., wind, rain, temperature or stage).



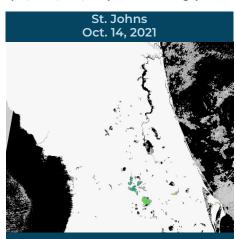


on approximately 30% of Lake

Okeechobee.



Satellite imagery shows no bloom potential on visible portions of the St. Lucie Estuary.



Satellite imagery for the St. Johns River is partially obscured by cloud cover and shows low to moderate bloom potential on the northwest lobe of Lake George near the outflow to the St. Johns River and on Doctors Lake.

SUMMARY

There were 31 reported site visits in the past seven days, with 30 samples collected. Algal bloom conditions were observed by samplers at nine of

On 10/11 - 10/12, South Florida Water Management District staff collected samples near the S77 structure on the C43 Canal, the S80 structure on the C44 Canal, at the Pahokee Marina Boat Ramp and the S65 structure on the Kissimmee River. None of the samples had a dominant algal taxon. Only the Kissimmee River sample had detectable cyanotoxins, with a trace level [0.47 parts per billion (ppb)] of microcystin detected.

On 10/11 – 10/14, DEP staff collected HAB response samples at 14 locations. Samples were collected at the **S308 structure on the C44 Canal** and on Lake Okeechobee. Neither sample had a dominant algal taxon and only the C44 Canal sample had a trace level (0.29 ppb) microcystin detected.

DEP staff made repeat site visits to several locations along the St. Johns River where microcystin had previously been detected; however, these results are still pending.

On 10/5, St. Johns River Water Management District staff performed routine harmful algal bloom monitoring at 10 locations. All samples were nondetect for cyanotoxins except for the Lake Jesup and Lake Monroe samples which are still pending.

On 10/13, Orange County staff sampled Lake Speer and Lake Anderson. Both the Lake Speer and Lake Anderson sample were dominated by Microcystis aeruginosa and had 6.6 ppb and 0.39 ppb microcystins, respectively.

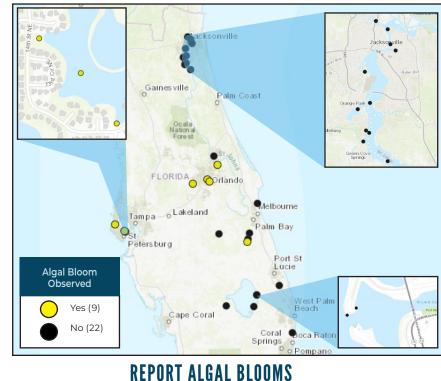
Results for completed analyses are available and posted at FloridaDEP.gov/AlgalBloom.

This is a high-level summary of the sampling events for the reported week. For all field visit and analytical result details, please refer to the complete algal bloom map with data table by clicking the "Field and Lab Details" Quick Link from the Algal Bloom Dashboard. Different types of blue-green algal bloom species can look different and have different impacts. However, regardless of species, many types of blue-green algae can produce toxins that can make you or your pets sick if swallowed or possibly cause skin and/or eye irritation due to contact. We advise staying out of water where algae is visibly present as specks or mats or where water is discolored pea-green, blue-green or brownish-red. Additionally, pets or livestock should not come into contact with algal bloom-impacted water or with algal bloom material or fish on the shoreline.

LAKE OKEECHOBEE OUTFLOWS

As of Oct.14 Current Lake Release Schedule* West (S-79) East (S-80) Constant Total Inflows and Outflows (cfs) Weekly Inflow 33,441 Weekly Outflow South -2,234 LAKE OKEECHOBEE Caloosahatchee Estuary

SITE VISITS FOR BLUE-GREEN ALGAE



REPORTS FROM HOTLINE

21

Oct. 1 - 7

Oct. 8 - 14

REPORT PUBLIC HEALTH ISSUES

the Florida Poison Control Centers)

HUMAN ILLNESS Florida Poison Control Centers can be reached 24/7 at 800-222-1222 (DOH provides grant funding to

OTHER PUBLIC HEALTH CONCERNS

CONTACT DOH

(DOH county office)



FloridaHealth.gov/ all-county-locations.html

SALTWATER BLOOM

- Observe stranded wildlife or a fish kill.
- Information about red tide and other saltwater algal blooms.

CONTACT FWC

800-636-0511 (fish kills) 888-404-3922 (wildlife Alert)

MyFWC.com/RedTide

FRESHWATER BLOOM

- Observe an algal bloom in a lake or freshwater river.
- Information about bluegreen algal blooms.





855-305-3903 (to report freshwater blooms)

FloridaDEP.gov/AlgalBloom